Math 1553 Worksheet: Fundamentals and §1.1

- 1. In this problem, we will discuss when you can solve a linear system and when you cannot, by using some examples. Moreover, we explore whether this is related to the number of equations and variables.
 - (1) If a linear system has 3 equations and 2 unknown variables, is it possible to find a solution? If your answer is yes, give an example. If your answer is maybe, give an example of a consistent system and an example of an inconsistent system.

(2) If a linear system has 2 equations and 3 unknown variables, is it possible to find a solution? If your answer is yes, give an example. If your answer is maybe, give an example of a consistent system and an example of an inconsistent system.

(3) If a linear system has 2 equations and 2 unknown variables, must it have a solution? Please explain.

2. Consider the following three planes, where we use (x, y, z) to denote points in \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$2x + 4y + 4z = 1$$

$$2x + 5y + 2z = -1$$

$$y + 3z = 8$$

Do all three of the planes intersect? If so, do they intersect at a single point, a line, or a plane?

3. Find all values of *h* so that the lines x + hy = -5 and 2x - 8y = 6 do *not* intersect. For all such *h*, draw the lines x + hy = -5 and 2x - 8y = 6 to verify that they do not intersect. **4.** The picture below represents the temperatures at four interior nodes of a mesh.



Let T_1, \ldots, T_4 be the temperatures at nodes 1 through 4. Suppose that the temperature at each node is the average of the four nearest nodes. For example,

$$T_1 = \frac{10 + 20 + T_2 + T_4}{4}.$$

- (1) Write a system of four linear equations whose solution would give the temperatures T_1, \ldots, T_4 .
- (2) Write an augmented matrix that represents that system of equations.