

Math 1553: Final Exam Extra Practice Problems

Spring 2018

These problems are additional extra practice for the final. They are not meant to be 100% comprehensive in scope, and they tend to be more computational than conceptual.

1. Define the following terms: span, linear combination, linearly independent, linear transformation, column space, null space, transpose, inverse, dimension, rank, determinant, eigenvalue, eigenvector, eigenspace, diagonalizable, orthogonal, orthonormal.
2. Let A be an $m \times n$ matrix.
 - a) How do you determine the pivot columns of A ?
 - b) What do the pivot columns tell you about the equation $Ax = b$?
 - c) What space is equal to the span of the pivot columns?
 - d) What is the difference between solving $Ax = b$ and $Ax = 0$? How are the two solution sets related geometrically?
 - e) If $\text{rank}(A) = r$, where $0 \leq r \leq n$, then how many columns have pivots? What is the dimension of the null space?
3. Let $T : \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$ be a linear transformation with matrix A .
 - a) How many rows and columns does A have?
 - b) If x is in \mathbf{R}^n , then how do you find $T(x)$?
 - c) In terms of A , how do you know if T is one-to-one? onto?
 - d) What is the range of T ?
4. Let A be an invertible $n \times n$ matrix.
 - a) What can you say about the columns of A ?
 - b) What are $\text{rank}(A)$ and $\dim \text{Nul}A$?
 - c) What do you know about $\det(A)$?
 - d) How many solutions are there to $Ax = b$? What are they?
 - e) What is $\text{Nul}A$?
 - f) Do you know anything about the eigenvalues of A ?
 - g) Do you know whether or not A is diagonalizable?
5. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix with characteristic polynomial $f(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda I)$.

- a) What is the degree of $f(\lambda)$?
- b) Counting multiplicities, how many (real and complex) eigenvalues does A have?
- c) If $f(0) = 0$, what does this tell you about A ?
- d) How can you know if A is diagonalizable?
- e) If $n = 3$ and A has a complex eigenvalue, how many real roots does $f(\lambda)$ have?
- f) Suppose $f(c) = 0$ for some real number c . How do you find the vectors x for which $Ax = cx$?
- g) If $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$ are the (real and complex) eigenvalues of A , counting multiplicities, then what is their sum? their product?
- h) In general, do the roots of $f(\lambda)$ change when A is row reduced? Why or why not?

6. Describe $\text{Span} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 7 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$.

7. Find a linear dependence relation among

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_4 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \\ -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Which subsets of $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ are linearly independent?

8. Find the eigenvalues and bases for the eigenspaces of the following matrices. Diagonalize if possible.

$$\text{a) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{b) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 3 & -5 & 3 \\ 6 & -6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9. Find the least squares solution of the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y &= 0 \\ 2x + y + z &= 1 \\ 2y + z &= 3 \\ x + y + z &= 0 \\ 3x + 2z &= -1. \end{aligned}$$

10. Find A^{10} if $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

11. Let $V = \text{Span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$, where

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Find an orthogonal basis for V .
- b) Compute the matrix for the orthogonal projection proj_V .

12. Find the determinant of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -4 & 5 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & 7 \\ 5 & -1 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

13. Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 8 & 4 \\ -1 & -4 & -2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Find a basis for $\text{Col}A$.
- b) Describe $\text{Col}A$ geometrically.
- c) Find a basis for $\text{Nul}A$.
- d) Describe $\text{Nul}A$ geometrically.

14. Find numbers a, b, c , and d such that the linear system corresponding to the augmented matrix

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & a \\ 0 & 4 & 5 & b \\ 0 & 0 & d & c \end{array} \right)$$

has **a)** no solutions, and **b)** infinitely many solutions.

15. Celia has one hour to spend at the CRC, and she wants to jog, play handball, and ride a stationary bike. Jogging burns 13 calories per minute, handball burns 11, and cycling burns 7. She jogs twice as long as she rides the bike. How long should she participate in each of these activities in order to burn exactly 660 calories?

16. Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Find the complex eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A .
- b) Find an invertible matrix P and a rotation-scaling matrix C such that $A = PCP^{-1}$.

- c) By how much does C rotate and scale?
- d) Describe how repeated multiplication by A acts on the plane.