

Math 1553 Worksheet §§2.3-2.5

Solutions

For problem 1 below: The professor in your widgets and gizmos class is trying to decide between three different grading schemes for computing your final course grade. The schemes are based on homework (HW), quiz grades (Q), midterms (M), and a final exam (F). The three schemes can be described by the following matrix A :

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Scheme 1} \\ \text{Scheme 2} \\ \text{Scheme 3} \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} \text{HW} & \text{Q} & \text{M} & \text{F} \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.5 & 0.3 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$$

1. Suppose that you have a score of x_1 on homework, x_2 on quizzes, x_3 on midterms, and x_4 on the final, with potential final course grades of b_1, b_2, b_3 . Write a matrix equation $Ax = b$ to relate your final grades to your scores.

Solution.

In the above grading schemes, you would receive the following final grades:

$$\text{Scheme 1: } 0.1x_1 + 0.1x_2 + 0.5x_3 + 0.3x_4 = b_1$$

$$\text{Scheme 2: } 0.1x_1 + 0.1x_2 + 0.4x_3 + 0.4x_4 = b_2$$

$$\text{Scheme 3: } 0.1x_1 + 0.1x_2 + 0.6x_3 + 0.2x_4 = b_3$$

This is the same as the matrix equation

$$(*) \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.5 & 0.3 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. Determine whether the statement is true or false. Justify your answer.
If A is a 5×4 matrix, then the equation $Ax = b$ must be inconsistent for some b in \mathbf{R}^5 .

TRUE

FALSE

Solution.

True. If A is a 5×4 matrix, then A can have at most 4 pivots (since no row or column can have more than 1 pivot). But A has 5 rows, so this means A cannot have a pivot in each row, and therefore $Ax = b$ must be inconsistent for at least one b in \mathbf{R}^5 .

3. Suppose $A = (v_1 \ v_2 \ v_3)$ and $A \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$. Must it be true that $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ is linearly dependent? If so, write a linear dependence relation for the vectors. If not, explain why not.

Solution.

Yes. By definition of matrix multiplication, $-3v_1 + 2v_2 + 7v_3 = 0$, so $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ is linearly dependent and the equation gives a linear dependence relation.

4. Find the solution sets of $x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 0$ and $x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 3$ and write them in parametric vector form. How do the solution sets compare geometrically?

Solution.

The equation $x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 0$ corresponds to the augmented matrix $(1 \ -3 \ 5 \ | \ 0)$ which has two free variables x_2 and x_3 .

$$x_1 = 3x_2 - 5x_3 \quad x_2 = x_2 \quad x_3 = x_3.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3x_2 - 5x_3 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3x_2 \\ x_2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -5x_3 \\ 0 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \boxed{x_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_3 \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}}.$$

The solution set for $x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 0$ is the plane spanned by $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

The equation $x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 = 3$ corresponds to the augmented matrix $(1 \ -3 \ 5 \ | \ 3)$ which has two free variables x_2 and x_3 .

$$x_1 = 3 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 \quad x_2 = x_2 \quad x_3 = x_3.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3x_2 \\ x_2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -5x_3 \\ 0 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + x_3 \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}}.$$

This solution set is the *translation* by $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ of the plane spanned by $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.